

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
DALLAS DIVISION**

<b>ZACARIAS MOUSSAOUI,</b>	§	
<b>Plaintiff,</b>	§	
	§	
	§	
	§	
	§	
<b>v.</b>	§	<b>3:14-CV-04014-P-BK</b>
	§	
	§	
<b>FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS,</b>	§	
<b>Defendant.</b>	§	
	§	
	§	

**ORDER ACCEPTING FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION  
OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE**

The United States Magistrate Judge made Findings, Conclusions, and a Recommendation in this case. No objections were filed. On January 12, 2015, the Court received a document from Plaintiff that has been docketed as “Correspondence.” Nothing in that document qualifies as an objection to the findings and recommendation. The Court has reviewed the proposed Findings, Conclusions, and Recommendation for plain error. Finding none, the Court **ACCEPTS** the Findings, Conclusions, and Recommendation of the United States Magistrate.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this action is **DISMISSED** without prejudice for want of prosecution. *See* [FED. R. CIV. P. 41\(b\)](#).

The Court prospectively **CERTIFIES** that any appeal of this action would not be taken in good faith. *See* [28 U.S.C. § 1915\(a\)\(3\); FED. R. APP. P. 24\(a\)\(3\)](#). In support of this certification, the Court adopts and incorporates by reference the Magistrate Judge’s Findings, Conclusions, and Recommendation. *See* [Baugh v. Taylor, 117 F.3d 197, 202](#) and n.21 (5th Cir. 1997). Based on the Findings and Recommendation, the Court finds that any appeal of this action would present no legal point of arguable merit and would, therefore, be frivolous.

Howard v. King, 707 F.2d 215, 220 (5th Cir. 1983).<sup>1</sup> In the event of an appeal, Plaintiff may challenge this certification by filing a separate motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* on appeal with the Clerk of the Court, U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit. See Baugh, 117 F.3d at 202; FED. R. APP. P. 24(a)(5).

SO ORDERED this 5<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2015.



JORGE A. SOLIS  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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<sup>1</sup> Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a) governs the time to appeal an order. A timely notice of appeal must be filed even if the district court certifies an appeal as not taken in good faith.